



The Norwegian Directorate
of Immigration

Place of application (stamp of the police district or
foreign service mission)

Date

DUF no.

Application to retain Norwegian citizenship

Pursuant to Section 24 of the Norwegian Nationality Act, cf. Sections 9-1, 9-2 og 9-3 of the Norwegian Nationality Regulations (the act and regulations texts are rendered on page 4)

**Application to be submitted to a Norwegian foreign service mission or to the police.
The entire form must be completed and be readily understood and legible.
Please use block letters.**

1. Personal data (Personal names to be written as in your travel document)

Family name		Date of birth (date, month, year)	Norwegian national ID no.
First name		Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female	Place of birth
Middle name(s)		Previous family name, if any	Country of birth
Address (street/road, no.)		Postal code	Post office and country
Telephone	Mobile phone	E-mail	Telefax
Employer		Employer's address	
Telephone	Mobile phone	E-mail	Telefax

2. Information regarding citizenship

Did you become Norwegian at birth? (Please tick) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes: From whom did you get your Norwegian citizenship? (Please tick) <input type="checkbox"/> Mother <input type="checkbox"/> Father
Were your parents married at the time of your birth? (Please tick) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If no: Did they marry later? (Please tick) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
If you replied "yes" to any of the above questions: Please enclose a copy of the marriage certificate, cf item 6	Do you have dual citizenship? (Please tick) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
If yes: Please indicate wich country, when you obtained citizenship and by what means	
If no: You must enclose documentation from a public authority that you do not have any other citizenship, cf item 6	

3. Information about your parents

Mother

Family Name	Date of birth (date, month, year)	Norwegian national ID no.
First name	Previous family name, if any	Her citizenship at the time of your birth
Middle name(s)	Please indicate her present citizenship	

Father

Family Name	Date of birth (date, month, year)	Norwegian national ID no.
First name	Previous family name, if any	His citizenship at the time of your birth
Middle name(s)	Please indicate his present citizenship	

5. Application submitted after the age of 22 (Only to be completed if the applicant is above the age of 22)

Please state the reason for not submitting the application before you turned 22 (use a separate sheet, if necessary)

Enclose any available documentation of circumstances you consider significant, e.g. illness, see item 6

6. Documents to be enclosed with the application

- Birth certificate (only for persons born abroad)
- Copy of the applicant's Norwegian and foreign passport
- Copy of Norwegian passport of the parent from whom the applicant got his/her Norwegian citizenship
- Copy of residence or work permit from the country in which the Norwegian parent is residing
- Documentation from a public authority that the applicant does not have any other citizenship, cf item 2
- Birth certificate of the parent from whom the applicant got his/her Norwegian citizenship
- Copy of the parents' marriage certificate (if the applicant's father is Norwegian)
- Documentation of period of residence in Norway or other Nordic countries, e.g. transcript from a public authority (documentation from the Norwegian Population Register not required)
- Documentation of circumstances which have resulted in the application being submitted after the age of 22

7. Enclosures – general information

If your application does not contain documents that should be enclosed, you must clarify the reason for this in writing. Documents not issued by Norwegian authorities shall be presented to the Norwegian foreign service mission in their original version. The foreign service mission will make a copy.

All copies must be certified as correct copies by a public authority. The certificate must be signed, stamped and dated.

Documents not issued in English or Norwegian must be translated into English or Norwegian, and the translation must accompany the application together with the original documents.

If the document is translated, correct translation must be confirmed by an authorised translator or public interpretation service.

The confirmation must be dated and must accompany the application.

It is your responsibility to organise translation and confirmation and pay for these services.

8. Use of information from the form

The immigration authorities will use the information from the application form in connection with the processing of the application. The information will be registered in the computer system for cases involving foreign nationals and refugees (DUF).

Your information can be distributed to other relevant authorities to check and supplement the information provided by you. If required, information will also be obtained from other Norwegian and foreign authorities, including the police.

If citizenship is granted, this information will be communicated to the Norwegian Population Register.

You may contact the Norwegian Directorate of Immigration (UDI) for more details about our use of the information submitted by you, your right of access to the case file and procedure if you wish to modify the information. Please visit www.udi.no for further details about the processing of your personal data.

I confirm that the information provided in this application is correct and complete.

I am familiar with the fact that pursuant to No. 51, Section 33 of the Norwegian Nationality Act of 10 June 2005, it is a criminal offence to give substantially incorrect or obviously misleading information, including suppressing important information.

An administrative decision regarding citizenship may be revoked if the applicant has furnished the incorrect information against his better judgment or has suppressed information of great importance for decision, cf Section 26, 2nd paragraph of the Norwegian Nationality Act.

9. Signature

Place and date

Signature of the applicant

Act on Norwegian nationality of 10 June 2005

Section 24. Loss in the event of absence from the realm

A person who acquired Norwegian nationality at birth, but who has not resided in Norway for a total of two years, or in Norway and other Nordic countries for a total of seven years shall lose his or her Norwegian nationality upon reaching the age of 22.

A person who would otherwise lose his or her Norwegian nationality pursuant to the first paragraph may, upon application, be given the right to retain it provided that the applicant has sufficient ties with Norway. An application for such retention must be lodged before the person concerned reaches the age of 22.

An application may be dealt with even if it was submitted too late, if the applicant is not essentially to blame for this, or if it would be unreasonable that the nationality were to be lost on account of the oversight.

If a person loses his or her Norwegian nationality pursuant to this section, his or her children shall also lose their nationality. However, this shall not apply if one of the parents is still Norwegian, or if the child himself or herself satisfies the conditions laid down in the first paragraph for retaining nationality.

Loss of nationality pursuant to this section shall not occur if the person concerned thereby becomes stateless.

The King may by regulations make further provisions regarding the conditions for retaining Norwegian nationality pursuant to this section.

Regulations on acquisition and loss of Norwegian nationality

Section 9-1. Demand for period of residence

A person who acquired Norwegian nationality at birth and who claims to have retained his or her Norwegian nationality after the age of 22, cf. Section 24, 1st paragraph of the Norwegian Nationality Act, shall, as a main rule, verify the period of residence through a transcript from the Norwegian Population Register or other public authority. If it is difficult to meet the demand for documentary evidence, the demand for a period of residence before the age of 22 can be established as probable in by other means. A period of residence is defined as a consecutive period of residence of a minimum of six months.

Section 9-2. Demand for sufficient ties with Norway

Whether the applicant has sufficient ties with Norway pursuant to Section 24, 2nd paragraph of the Norwegian Nationality Act, will be determined following a specific overall assessment. Applicants with a total of six months' residence in Norway before the age of 22 shall be considered as having sufficient ties. This is also the case if the applicant is residing in Norway at the time of the decision. If the applicant in good faith has been issued a Norwegian passport valid beyond his/her 22nd birthday, significance shall be attached to this in the discretionary assessment.

Section 9-3. Essentially to blame

Whether the applicant is essentially to blame for exceeding the deadline, cf. Section 24, 3rd paragraph of the Norwegian Nationality Act, will be determined following a specific overall assessment. If a sudden or persistent serious illness affecting the applicant or his/her immediate family has prevented the observance of the deadline, it is considered that the applicant is not essentially to blame.